

Working Around Tall Fescue

Virginia producer uses alternate forages to help with fescue's challenges.

Story & photos by BECKY MILLS, field editor

Dalton Bennett is all too aware of the negative effects of the endophyte that lurks in Kentucky 31 tall fescue. The majority of the 1,200 acres of permanent pasture at Knoll Crest Farm is made up of the forage.

Still, the Red Hill, Va., cattleman says, "I like having it. Tall fescue will grow; it's tough. We couldn't raise cattle here if we didn't have it."

However, he states, "Animal performance is a huge deal to us." That's where the endophyte shows its nasty side, hampering gains in growing cattle, dropping fertility and milk production in cows, and, especially noticeable in the South, making cattle more susceptible to heat stress.

As a result, Bennett puts a great deal of time and effort into making sure the cattle don't have to rely solely on fescue. Armed with a Virginia Tech degree in crop and soil science, the 27-year-old Angus breeder, along with his father, Jim, and uncles Brian and Paul, has been adding to the forage menu since he joined the family operation full-time in 2013.

Sorghum benefits

Forage sorghum for silage was his first winner. He planted it in 30-inch (in.) rows and watched it grow. "We made more feed, and the cost was so much lower, so we made more with less."

- Dalton Bennett

"It was a home run," he says. "We made 1.6 loads (close to 13 tons) per acre of corn silage and 2.2 loads (almost 18 tons) per acre of sorghum silage. We made more feed, and the cost was so much lower, so we made more with less. In business, that's what you need to do."

The added production wasn't the only

benefit, Bennett says. "It will wait for moisture."

In 2017, they had a field that only had 3 in. of rain the entire season and was hit by sugarcane aphids, but it still made 12 tons an acre.

He also says the feed value is more than acceptable.

"Forage sorghum is a very close second to corn silage," he explains. "It is higher in protein than corn silage by about two points, but it is lower in TDN (total digestible nutrients)."

Bennett says their sorghum silage tests at around 10%-11% crude protein (CP) and 68% TDN, compared to their corn silage at 9% CP and 74% TDN.

(Continued on page 50)

Working Around Tall Fescue (continued from page 49)

They use sorghum silage for their young bulls when they go on feed, and to the fall-calving cows during calving and breeding season.

Grazing preference

For grazing, his go-to summer annual is sorghum-Sudan.

"We no-till 60 acres. It has worked phenomenally," Bennett says. In 2016, when they had adequate rain, he grazed cattle on it three times. In 2017, when they were dry, he was only able to graze it twice, but a later-than-usual frost meant he was able to graze it later in the fall.

Bennett adds, "The drought tolerance

of sorghum is amazing." He is also impressed with the quality. "While I was at Tech I heard of a brown midrib (BMR) sorghum and sorghum-sudex. That has changed the game as far as quality goes."

Auburn University extension animal scientist Kim Mullenix agrees.

"In recent years, with the introduction

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061	HA Couboy Up 5405	Moreor Vanguard 751	8	0.6	54	101	18	-2.67	42.45	135.0
542	HA Cowboy Ub 5405	SAV Final Answer 0035	11	0	67	117.	17	5.51	58.18	109.7
7054	Koupal Advance 28	HA Windy 3410	8	1.4	61	102	28	-17.94	60.39	104.0
1055	Koupel Advance 18	SITZ Logic Y48	16	0.1	56	97	28	-15.77	58.85	103.2
7085	Koupsi Advance 28	G A R Prodestmed	11	1.2	62	105	29	-16.21	68.23	115.0
1071	Koupat Advance 28	KOC Wamer Wall Street 1666	18-	12	- 62	- 99	20	-14.38	68.9	99.5
142%	Koopat Advance 28	KOC Right Time 67	11	-02	64	101	29	-13.89	73.8	95.0
1900K	Koopat Advance 28	SAV Barnarck 5682	8	17	69	152	- 30	-25	98.84	137.2
67Y	Koupal Advance 28	KCC Right Time 57	13	- 21	68	107	31	-19.81	79.71	113.9
959	Koupal Advance 28	KCC Right Time 57	10 -	0.8	81	, 102	28	\$7.94	61.18	:1021
196Y	Koupal Advance 28	KCC Warner Wall Street 1666	11	1	62	102	29	-21.45	62.23	103.5
7106	Brians Thursdarbolt 981	Sitz Upward 10409	8	0.1.1	52	99	30	-19.29	57.41	125.4
010	Conneally Guinness	Conneely Courage 25L	9	1.1	56	100	26	-14.45	51.91	119.3
012	Connectly Gumment	SITZLopoY44	2	24	55	100	28	-17.07	48.95	123.0
/019	Conneally Guinnesa	S A V Final Answer (7035	y .	11	55	97	30	-15.89	58.4	116.9
0.24	Conneally Guerness	KOC Lunch Box 9740	14	18.	57	- 94	26	-11.85	54.38	106.1
734Y	Conneally Guinness	S A V Final Answer 0035	7	11	58	97	- 21	-17.14	63.18	119.1
458	Covincially Guinness	Rep 2894 of Rep 6K20 BW	0	14.1	58	97.	32.0	-18.05	60.44	154.7
1547	Conneally Guinness	SAV Final Answer 0035	1.1	1.5	61	110	21	-4.92	57.46	149.2
26	Sta Final Stamment H524	Sitz Upward 10459	111110	0.03	64	106	21.2	28.12	63.15	129.2
1042	Sitz Final Statement 8624	SITZ Logic Y45	9	0.1	/ 52	104	27	-17.5	45.65	105.8
056	Sitz Fetal Statement 6/24	SAV fleatury 2631	80	0.5	57	106	27	-18.38	52.76	1164
0/3	Sitz Final Statement 8624	KOC Upword 328X	8	1	61.	111	30	-24.56	59.88	127,4
085	Sitz Feut Stittment BA24	HOC Game Day 2601	7.	0.9	57	.104	20.	-16.19	52.19	125.2
135	Sitz Final Statement 8624	KCC Game Day 2501	8	0.5	56	101	21	-16.19	54.95	119.8
1414	Sto Faul Street Mild	KOC Right Time 0745	100	.03	85	1114	26	-20.85	81.05	124.1
5038	Musigrave Big Sky	HAWndy 3344	3	37	57	99	25	-12.72	44.77	112.7
0.36	Multimue Fig Sin	Colo Crock Black Code: 45P	10	21	61	- 97	27	-14.45	56.28	88.9
1094	Mungrave Big Sky	KOC Game Day 2601	6	1.9	57	93	25	-10.13	53.81	103.6
745	Muogrove Eig Sky	First 3894 of Filts 6K28 BW	12	44	51	93	20	-10.77	50.51	120.
783Y	Musphave Big Sky	KCC Right Time 57	9	8.0	62	108	26	-16.24	61.47	124,6
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021	Galfrey Game Time 310	SITZ Logic Y45	17	1.9	. 53	99	31	-16.22	-54.07	128.8
035	Gettoy Game Jane 370	SITZ Lugo 145	1	0.9	0.59.5	102	22	16.62	58.88	130 5
1069	Gafrey Game Time 370	S A V Registry 2831	5	2.4	56	06	23	-8.86	AT 97	122.0
1130	Claffring Claims Terra 370	KOC Right Tenn 0745	-92	22	60	9.7	0.24	-10.57	51.65	108.9



DVAuction



of the BMR varieties, there has been an improvement in quality in sorghum-Sudan," Mullenix says. "It averages between 60% digestibility and 75%, with early growth over 70%."

Bennett's favorite sorghum-Sudan is a BMR brachytic dwarf variety.

"It doesn't get extremely tall and has less stalk, but just as many leaves as taller varieties," he says, adding that it can also tolerate close grazing.

To try to graze it at the optimum stage, he puts cattle on the first time



The cattle at Knoll Crest Farm have to adapt to grazing tall fescue.

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when it is about 10 days away from heading out, or around chest high. He'll take them off when they graze it down to 2 in. in height, then lets it grow until it is about waist high before re-grazing it. If there is enough moisture to get regrowth, he'll get in a third grazing.

However, he says, "I don't play around with prussic acid poisoning." Mullenix says that is a valid concern because sorghum species are susceptible. Prussic acid poisoning occurs when



plants are damaged from frost. Cattle can die within minutes after eating the affected forage.

While the end of the grazing season for sorghum-Sudan is a concern, the start of the season is spot on for producers in fescue country. It comes when the heat stress effects of tall fescue are the worst. "We graze and kill the winter annuals," Bennett says, "then we plant on or before June 1, no-till. This past year we went on the sorghum-Sudan in mid-July, but we have grazed on July 4."

"We get the best bang for our buck with the spring calvers, especially in a young herd. The calves are getting big and the cows and calves can eat it."

If he ends up with extra sorghum-Sudan, and a promising window of fair weather, he'll bale it.

"It may take four days in the summer to put it up, we have to run it through the tedder twice and make sure to fluff up the

(Continued on page 52)



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windrows so the air can move through them, but it sure makes some really good hay," he says.

"We try to feed it to the fall-calving

Left: Dalton Bennett uses rotational grazing to lessen the toxic effects of endophyte-infested tall fescue

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Farms

cows when they first start calving, maybe as early as September. It is very palatable, and it sure beats fescue."

The sorghum-Sudan, along with his winter annual mixes, are produced in what Bennett labels his annual grass factories.

"These are old crop fields. They're small, and most of them don't have water," he says. "It is good land, too good to be permanent pasture. Now we can produce a lot of feed with minimal effort."

He points to a field road snaking up a hill.

"This road had cuts in it so deep you could lose a truck in them," Bennett says. "We'd haul a tractor, disc mower and a baler six-tenths of a mile so we could hay. It didn't make sense. We have the potential to graze two or three groups of



Dalton Bennett plants summer annuals to give his cattle a break from fescue.

cows on the field and, if it needs grazing, it is easy to move them on it. I would rather graze it than harvest it. I like driving tractors, but diesel is expensive."

They still have to move equipment to the annual grass factories, but not as much as when they were having them regularly.

"We drill in seed twice a year, we spray once a year, and we fertilize twice a year," he says. "It makes more sense in my mind to do it this way."

Along with sorghum-Sudan in the warm season, Bennett plants winter annual mixes of barley, marshal ryegrass, crimson clover and turnips, or, last year, triticale, crimson clover and Austrian winter peas. Whether he grazes the winter annuals or chops them for silage depends on the weather and cattle needs. This past spring, they needed stored feed.

"We chopped it in mid-April and (Continued on page 54)



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made two loads (16 tons) per acre," he says. "We planted forage sorghum behind it and made 2.5 loads (over 16 tons) per acre. We produce a lot of feed on a small number of acres, and it amounts to being able to graze more land."

Triticale is gaining on barley for their winter silage crop.

"It is higher-quality," Bennett says. Both small grains are taking the place of corn silage. "Since I came back, we pulled back on corn silage. We can count on small grains consistently year after year."

No matter how carefully he manages the forages, there are seasonal gaps, so he and his crew also put up hay and haylage. The hay is usually orchard grass and clover, although they do make some fescue hay.

Between their stored forage and winter and summer annual grazing, the Knoll Crest cattle do get breaks from fescue. However, Bennett also depends on management to keep the effects of the toxic endophyte to a minimum.

"We do a lot of rotational grazing. We try not to let seedheads form in the spring, but the pastures do get away from us." He also tries to make sure to move cattle off fescue before it gets below 4 inches in height. Recent research from Missouri suggests there is a greater concentration of the toxic endophyte in the lower part of the plant than previously thought.

Plus, Bennett says, "We want to have good plant regrowth and soil health."

The Knoll Crest crew also culls cattle that don't shed out in the spring and those that suffer more from fescueinduced heat stress.

"We do cull on hair coats," Bennett emphasizes. "It goes hand in hand with fescue toxicity. Fescue is what our cattle have to do on and what our customers' cattle have to do on."



Editor's Note: Becky Mills is a cattlewoman and freelance writer from Cuthbert, Ga.



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